THE

NEWPORT MERCURY.

TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1793. [N° 1621.]

NEWPORT: (*Rhode-Island*) Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A Proclamation.

WHEREAS it appears, that a ſtate of war exiſts between Auſtria, Pruſſia, Sardinia, Great-Britain, and the United Netherlands, on the one part; and France on the other—and the duty and intereſt of the United States require, that they ſhould with ſincerity and good faith adopt and purſue a conduct friendly and impartial towards the belligerent powers:

I HAVE therefore thought fit by theſe preſents, to declare the diſpoſition of the United States to obſerve the conduct aforeſaid towards thoſe powers reſpectively; and to exhort and warn the citizens of the United States, carefully to avoid all acts and proceedings whatſoever, which may in any manner tend to contravene ſuch diſpoſition.

AND I DO hereby alſo make known, that whoſoever of the citizens of the United States, ſhall render himſelf liable to puniſhment or forfeiture under the law of nations, by committing, aiding or abetting hoſtilities againſt any of the ſaid powers, or by carrying to any of them thoſe articles which are deemed contraband by the *modern* uſage of nations, will not receive the protection of the United States againſt ſuch puniſhment or forfeiture; and further, that I have given inſtructions to thoſe officers to whom it belongs, to cauſe proſecutions to be inſtituted againſt all perſons, who ſhall, within the cognizance of the Courts of the United States, violate the law of nations, with reſpect to the powers at war, or any of them.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have cauſed the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed to theſe preſents, and ſigned the ſame with my hand. Done at the City of Philadelphia, the twenty-ſecond day of April one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ſeventeenth.

G. WASHINGTON.

By the PRESIDENT,

THO. JEFFERSON.

Intereſting and lateſt Advices from Europe.

VIENNA, March 2.

A COURIER arrived here yeſterday, at four o'clock in the afternoon, from Peterſburgh with the official account, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia had acceded to the Coalition of the Powers of Europe, and, that a fleet of ten ſhips of the line are ſoon to quit the ports of her Majeſty, in order to join the Spaniſh Squadron, and to act in concert with the Spaniards againſt France Count Raſumouſky, Miniſter from Ruſſia, in a conference yeſterday with the Vice-Chancellor, Count Cobenzel, officially communicated to him this reſolution of the Empreſs, his miſtreſs.

It is aſſerted, that the Chevalier Gazotti, Ambaſſador from the Republic of Venice, has notified to our Court, that the Senate of Venice had acknowledged France a Republic; and that in conſequence, they accepted of a Miniſter from that nation. That Venice, however, according to her adopted ſyſtem, will always obſerve the ſtricteſt neutrality.

CAPTURE OF BREDA.*

Paris, Feb. 28. The Miniſter of War, (Bournonville) announced to the Convention, the capture of Breda, on the 24th, and added, that the capture was made by Gen. Darcon—that a Batavian committee was formed therein; that Klundert, Williamſtadt, Bergen-op zoom† and Nuberg, were inveſted; and that Commodore Morton had orders to burn a Dutch ſquadron under the fort of Bath. Gen. Dumourier's‡ letter concludes thus:—"We find plenty of proviſions every where—we have been already furniſhed with 200,000 florins, offered to us as the defenders of liberty.

The particulars of this event, as they are given in the Dutch papers, agree with the above, and add, that Gen. Dumourier, after receiving an anſwer from the commander, refuſing to give up the place, commenced a ſmart cannonade and bombardment of the town, and deſtroyed ſixty houſes; on which the commander capitulated; on condition, that the garriſon ſhould march out with all the honours of war, each battalion with two field pieces, to Boſch, Thiel, Bammel, and Utrecht, with perfect liberty to remain in the ſervice of the State, and to fight any enemy. The ſurrender is imputed to treachery, and the Governor, Count Byland, has been put under arreſt, and in irons at the Hague.

MARCH 4.

The Miniſter of War, read a letter from Gen. Dumourier, mentioning the capture of Klundert. The garriſon fought well and eſcaped. Several Cannon taken, 24, 18 and 12 pounders. "Williamſtadt," ſays the General, "will be attacked this night, or to-morrow morning, in ſpite of the crowd of frigates which defend it, and which we ſhall drive away."

* A handſome and ſtrong town of the Netherlands, in Dutch Brabant. The fortifications are ſtrengthened by the waters and moraſſes near it. It has a Dutch garriſon, but the property and government belongs to the Prince of Orange. It is ſeated on the river Merck, in a fertile plain, 22 miles N. E. of Bergen-op-Zoom, 25 S. E. of Rotterdam, and 60 E. of Amſterdam, lat. 51 35.

† A town of Dutch Brabant, one of the ſtrongeſt places in the Netherlands. It has been ſeveral times beſieged, and in 1747, was taken by a French army of 40,000; 10,000 of whom fell in the courſe of two months ſiege. 15 miles from Antwerp.

‡ The army of this General, according to our beſt accounts is 80,000 men.

DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH AT AIX-LA-CHAPELLE.*

HAGUE, *March* 6. The moſt important intelligence is juſt arived here. The Prince of Saxe Cobourg has gained a ſplendid and decided victory over the French at Aix-la-Chapelle. Five thouſand French were left dead upon the field; 1900 were made priſoners, and one hundred and twenty pieces of cannon were taken:—This happened on the the third of this month.

By the ſame Courier, an account has been received of a complete victory gained over the the French at Venlo, by Prince Frederick of Brunſwick. The circumſtances of this action are not yet accurately detailed; but it is ſaid, 1500 Frenchmen are taken priſoners, with 22 pieces of cannon.

Paris, March 21. This day it has been ſtrongly reported, and is generally believed, that another complete victory has been obtained over the Prince of Cobourg's army.

Letter from General Dumourier.

"*Tirlemont, March* 16.

"CITIZEN MINISTER,

"I announce to you with the greateſt ſatisfaction, that the check at Aix-la-Chapelle, as far as it concerns the honour of the French arms, has been repaired, this day, in the moſt brilliant manner. Yeſterday the Auſtrians attacked, and, took Tirlemont, in which we had only 400 men. This great town not being ſuſceptible of any defence, and being before the van guard, poſted on the five heights of Cumplicht, Marechal Lamarche defended himſelf with a courage and ſkill which ſaved the French army, by giving different diviſions time to march to his aſſiſtance—A miſtake in the execution of orders might have carried alarm to Bruſſels, and even to Paris, becauſe ſome bodies in repairing to their place of deſtination, fell back, which might have made the evil to be believed much greater than it was.

This morning I attacked Tirlemont on the right and left with a part of the army, as the reſt could not come up. Gen. Valence commanded the attack on the right, Miranda that on the left, and Egalite that on the centre. We carried the town by main force, and went beyond it in purſuing the enemy, who, in their turn, attacked us with much boldneſs in the villages of Goidefenhovie and Houtemouder.—The army not only defended themſelves with the greateſt firmneſs, but they attacked with ſucceſs in their turn, and night only put an end to the combat, which continued with very little intermiſſion from yeſterday at noon until ſeven o'clock this evening."

* A large handſome, free, Imperial town, of Germany, in the circle of Weſtphalia, 22 miles N. E. of Liege, and 40 W. of Cologne.

Dutch official Account of the Battle near Landen,

HAGUE, (Holl.) March 22.

Laſt night diſpatches were received by their High Mightineſſes, from the Prince of Heſſe Caſſel, Governor of Maeſtricht, dated March 20th, from which we learn that a moſt bloody and deciſive battle was fought on Monday the 18th inſt. between the Auſtrian army, headed by the Generaliſſimo Prince of Saxe Cobourg, and the French forces under the command of Gen. Dumourier.

The following are the particulars which have tranſpired reſpecting this important event:

On the 17th inſt. the French drove the Auſtrians from Tirlemont, after a moſt heroic reſiſtance, and with very conſiderable loſs.

Fluſhed with this ſucceſs, Gen. Dumourier made preparations to attack the Auſtrians, on the 18th, between Landen and Dormel, at the diſtance of ſix Engliſh miles from St. Tron, where the Imperial Royal Armies had their head-quarters: The attack commenced at ſeven o'clock in the morning, and continued, with the moſt dreadful ſlaughter, until half after five in the afternoon, when, through the ſuperior tactic manœuvres of the Auſtrians, and the conſummate ſkill and intrepid gallantry of the Prince of Saxe Cobourg, Count de Clairfait, the Arch-Duke Charles, the Prince of Wirtemburg, and other Imperial Generals, and the unexpected arrival of a corps of Auſtrian Curaſſiers, Huſſars, Chaſſeurs, and Dragoons, the ranks of the French were broke through from all quarters; and the latter obliged to take flight, and leave the Auſtrians maſters of the field.

Clairfait and the Arch Duke performed prodigies of valour, and purſued the French fugitives, thouſands of whom were cut in pieces.

The battle of Landen will form an epoch in the annals of hiſtory, and being a deciſive pitched engagement, muſt be followed by the immediate evacuation of the Auſtrian Netherlands.

The French fought like lions, but their deſperate fury, which pierced twice through the left wing of the Imperialiſts, could not avail againſt the ſuperior tactics of the Auſtrians.

The Imperial army broke up in the morning of the 19th, to purſue their glorious career, and it being impoſſible for the French diſperſed hoſts to rally, the ſmall corps, headed by Dumourier, which made its retreat to Louvain, will be cut off, and the Auſtrians muſt by this time be maſters of Bruſſels. The National Guards, to the number of 70,000 men, are drawing together, but having neither diſcipline nor order among them, they muſt ſoon fall victims to their irreſiſtible conquerors.

General Beaulieu is before Dinant, a few leagues from Namur, and has rendered himſelf maſter of La Roche and Rochefort, where the French, ſuſtained a loſs of upwards of 3000 men.

Britiſh Account.

March 26. All the accounts by the Dutch mail of yeſterday agree in ſtating, that the conflict between the Auſtrians and French, on the 18th, was obſtinate and bloody; and that great bravery and ſkill were manifeſted by both armies.

By Lord Auckland's deſpatches, it appears that the French, on the 18th, attacked the Auſtrians, at Netwind near Tirlemont. That they were repulſed in the centre, and on the right. That they made ſome impreſſion on the left wing in the afternoon, when General Clairfayt brought into act on 12,000 horſe, who decided the victory. The French for ſome time made good their retreat, but being at length, broke the Auſtrian cavalry made dreadful havoc amongſt them, and killed between ſix and ſeven thouſand. They continued the ſlaughter until the approach of night, when the courier was diſpatched with the above news, who reports that the French loſt 34 pieces of cannon.

The expreſs ſent to Carleton houſe is ſimilar to the above, except that the loſs of the French is ſtated at two thouſand men, and thirty pieces of cannon.

French Account.

Dumourier attacked the combined army at ſeven o'clock in the morning, between Tirlemont, and St. Tron. The battle was fought with various ſucceſs until the afternoon, when the ardour and intrepidity of the French troops ſurmounted every obſtacle.—Valence at their head, they charged the left wing of the enemy ſo furiouſly that it was ſoon broke, and gave way, in every direction. The purſuit was vigorous for ſome time and great carnage enſued.

At that moment when the combined army was threatened with a complete defeat. General Clairfait flanked the purſuers with an immenſe body of horſe, and as they puſhed forward beyond the protection of the artillery, they were left expoſed to the ſuperior power of the cavalry. Gen. Valence alternately retreated and advanced until he was killed by a muſket ball. The conteſt was obſtinately mainted, until it was put an end to by the darkneſs of the night, and both ſides claimed the victory.

It is certain, however, that the French loſt 33 pieces of artillery.

LONDON, March 26.

One French, 1 Dutch, and 2 Flemiſh mails arrived this morning. It will be perceived from our correſpondence, that the news ſo generally circulated for many days paſt, of the entire defeat of the French army under Dumourier, on the 12th of 13th inſtant, was at leaſt premature.

So late as the 15th, and 16th, victory, which had hitherto accompanied that General in all his operations, had not deſerted him; as it appears that he had gained ſome advantages from the Auſtrians, and driven them back from Tirlemont, a frontier poſt in Brabant, towards the country of Liege. Our readers, however, will judge for themſelves what credit is to be given to the French General's deſpatches.

Our Paris letters give notice, that the day after Dumourier had obtained theſe advantages, a general engagement was to be offered to the Auſtrian Generals; and the French had the moſt ſanguine expectations of ſucceſs.

Of the iſſue of this general action we have received no account through Paris; but letters from Bruſſels, by the Flanders mail, mention it as having been deciſively againſt the French.

The repreſentations differ. One account we have received ſtates, that Dumourier firſt attacked the corps under General Clairfayt; who ſuſtained a charge, furiouſly repeated, with great bravery and reſolution.

That the next day Clairfayt being reinforced by Saxe Cobourg, this combined army attacked Dumourier in his entrenchments, routed him, and drove him back, with the loſs of his artillery, and 20,000 men made priſoners.

The number killed is not mentioned; indeed from this account we ſhould ſuppoſe it inconſiderable, as it repreſents the French to have fled precipitately in all directions.

Another account ſtates the loſs of the French to be only 2000 men.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.

It has been called an inſult to republicaniſm for the free citizens of the United States to expreſs their feelings on the fate of the unfortunate King of France; but the people of this country know how to diſtinguiſh between the principles of humanity and juſtice, and thoſe which caſt a ſhade on the beſt cauſe that mankind can poſſibly be engaged in—the cauſe of Freedom—Americans will eternally reprobate the cruelties of arbitrary and deſpotic power, under whatever ſanction they may be exerciſed.

The new French Conſtitution has been reported by the Committee appointed to draft the ſame. It contains a Bill of Rights. The Legiſlature is to conſiſt of one Houſe of Repreſentatives, to be elected annually;—the Executive of ſeven principal officers, each to act as Preſident alternately, for fourteen days. A new Convention to be called in twenty years, to reviſe and improve the Conſtitution. The army to be under the controul of the Executive. The puniſhment of death for all private offences to be aboliſhed, and all foreign conquеſts.

The Convention of France has decreed that all the ports of the French colonies ſhould be open to the veſſels of the United States of America, paying duties as French veſſels.—The deputation from the French Weſt-India Iſlands now in England, have received, it is ſaid, an anſwer from the Britiſh government—and that the French Iſlands as offered by the deputies, will be accepted by the Engliſh.

This day, and Monday, the Commiſſioners for holding a Treaty with the hoſtile Indians will leave this city, on their route to the Indian country.

We hear the time fixed for holding the Treaty is the firſt of June next.

NEW-YORK, April 25.

An account has been received from St Kitts, that his Britannic Majeſty's frigate Proſerpine, of 28 guns, had, after a ſmart conteſt, taken and carried to that iſland, the French frigate la Felicitie, of 32 guns.

NEWPORT, May 7.

Wedneſday laſt being the Day for the Election of Governor and General Officers of this State, the following Gentlemen were declared duly elected, viz.

HIS EXCELLENCY

ARTHUR FENNER, Eſq;

GOVERNOR,

THE HONORABLE

SAMUEL J. POTTER, Eſq;

DEPUTY GOVERNOR.

THOMAS G. HAZARD, Eſq;
PELEG ARNOLD, Eſq;
JAMES ARNOLD, Eſq;
CALEB GARDNER, Eſq;
JOHN COOKE, Eſq;
JAMES CONGDON, Eſq;
THOMAS HOXSIE, Eſq;
THOMAS HOLDEN, Eſq;
JOB WATSON, Eſq;
JOHN HARRIS, Eſq;
} Aſſiſtants.

HENRY WARD, Eſq; Secretary.
WILLIAM CHANNING, Eſq; Attorney General.
HENRY SHERBURNE, Eſq; General-Treaſurer.

* *Mr.* HOLDEN *having reſigned his Seat,* GEORGE BROWN, *Eſq; was choſen in his Room.*

The Independent Artillery Company, of this Town, commanded by Francis Malbone, Eſq; under Arms, together with many General and Field Officers of the Militia, and Officers of the Newport Guards, in Uniform complete, eſcorted his Excellency the Governor, accompanied by the Members of the Legiſlature, &c. in Proceſſion to the State-Houſe—After the Election was proclaimed, the Company ſaluted with Fifteen Vollies of Muſketry, and re-eſcorted the Proceſſion to the Governor's Lodgings—His Excellency was pleaſed to expreſs his Approbation, and the great Concourſe of Strangers and Citizens their Praiſe, for the Military Appearance and ſoldierly Conduct of the Company, in diſcharging the Honors of their Station and the Day.

Deputies to repreſent the ſeveral Towns.

Newport, George Champlin, Robert N. Auchmuty, Edward Simmons, John L. Boſs, Peleg Clarke, Simeon Martin.

Providence, Welcome Arnold, Charles Lippitt, John Whipple, Nicholas Eaſton.

Portſmouth, Abraham Anthony, jun. Samuel Eam, Robert Lawton, Matthew Slocum.

Warwick, Benjamin Greene, Moſes Arnold, Anthony Holden, Joſeph Brown.

Weſterly, Thomas Noyes, Rouſe Babcock.

New-Shoreham, Edward Sands, William Littlefeld.

North Kingſtown, Daniel Updike, George Thomas.

South-Kingſtown, Eliſha R. Potter, Rowland Browne.

Eaſt Greenwich, Joſeph Fry, William Greene.

Jamſtown, John Weeden, John Remington.

Smithfield, John Smith, jun. Arnold Paine.

Scituate, James Aldrich, Nathaniel Medbury.

Glouceſter, Samuel Winſor, Silas Thayer.

Charleſtown, Peleg Croſs, jun. Robert Congdon.

Weſt-Greenwich, Caleb Carr, Amos Jackways.

Coventry, Job Greene, Joſeph Matteſon.

Exeter, Chriſtopher Pierce, Job Wilcox, jun.

Middletown, Benjamin Gardner, John Holmes.

Briſtol, William Bradford, Loring Peck.

Tiverton, Thomas Durfee, Abraham Barker.

Little-Compton, William Richmond, John Davis.

Warren, Charles Wheaton, Ichabod Cole.

Cumberland, Jaſon Newel, Jotham Carpenter.

Richmond, Thomas Fitt, Samuel Larkin.

Cranſton, William Warner, Caleb Williams.

Hopkinton, George Thurſton, Moſes Barber.

Johnſton, Noah Mathewſon, William Waterman.

North Providence, Edward Smith, Jeremiah Sayles.

Barrington, Joſhua Bicknell, Joſiah Humphrey.

Foſter, William Tyler, Daniel Howard.

The Hon. WELCOME ARNOLD, Eſq; was choſen Speaker, and KAY GREENE, Eſq; Clerk.

The following Gentlemen were choſen by the General Aſſembly to the Offices affixed to their reſpective Names, viz.

Hon. Daniel Owen, Eſq; Chief, William Taggart, Eſq; 2d, Walter Cooke, Eſq; 3d, Ezekiel Gardner, Eſq; 4th, Thomas Tillinghaſt, Eſq; 5th, Juſtice of the Superior Court, Court of Aſſize, and General Gaol Delivery, in and throughout this State.

Conſtant Taber, Eſq; Chief, Oliver Durfee, Eſq; 2d, Perez Richmond, Eſq; 3d, William Anthony, jun. Eſq; 4th, John Eldred, Eſq; 5th Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas and General Seſſions of the Peace within and for the County of Newport.

Caleb Harris, Eſq; Chief, Abraham Mathewſon, Eſq; 2d, John Burton, Eſq; 3d, Stephen Steer, Eſq; 4th, John Dorrance, Eſq; 5th, Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, &c. for the County of Providence.

James Rhodes, Eſq; Chief, Gideon Clark, Eſq; 2d, Robert Stanton, Eſq; 3d, John Allen, Eſq; 4th, Oliver Davis, Eſq; 5th, Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, &c. for the County of Waſhington.

Samuel Allen, Eſq; Chief, Ezekanah Humphrey, Eſq; 2d, William Barton, Eſq; 3d, Stephen Smith, Eſq; 4th, Joſeph Reynolds, Eſq; 5th Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, &c. for the County of Briſtol.

Stephen Arnold, Eſq; Chief, Preſerved Peirce, Eſq; 2d, Iſaac Johnſton, Eſq; 3d Benjamin Johnſton, Eſq; 4th, Stephen Greene, Eſq; 5th, Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas &c. for the County of Kent.

Clerks of the Superior Court.

For the County of Newport, John Gielea, Eſq;—Providence, Samuel Eddy, Eſq;—Waſhington, Jaſ. Sheldon, Eſq;—Briſtol, Jonathan Ruſſell, Eſq;—Kent, Allen Fry, Eſq;

Clerks of the Courts of Common Pleas.

For the County of Newport, Thomas Peckham, Eſq;—Providence, James Fenner, Eſq;—Waſhington, Samuel E. Gardner, Eſq;—Briſtol, Daniel Bradford, Eſq;—Kent, Benjamin Howland, Eſq;

Sheriffs.

For the County of Newport, William Davis, Eſq;—Providence, Nehemiah Knight, Eſq;—Waſhington, Nicholas Gardner, jun. Eſq;—Briſtol, Richard Smith, Eſq;—Kent, Jonathan Niles, Eſq.

The Hon. GENERAL ASSEMBLY adjourned on Saturday laſt to the Second Monday in June next, then to meet in this Town.

The following Gentlemen are choſen Juſtices of the Peace for the Town of Newport, viz. John Gielea, Peleg Barker, jun. Thomas Arnold, Henry Sherburne, John Townſend, William Borden, John Baniſter, Robert Taylor, William Crooke, Thomas Peckham, Edmund T. Ellery, John Faxon, Oliver R. Warner, Chriſtopher Ellery, Henry Peckham, John Bours, and Robert Shearman, Eſquires.

Sir John Temple, is appointed Conſul General for Great-Britain in the Eaſtern States of America; and Phineas Bond, Eſq; Conſul General in the Middle and Southern States.

DIED.]—In England, The EARL of MANSFIELD, aged 86.

—In this Town, Mr. JOHN CRANSTON, aged 42.

—Mrs. KNAPS Wife of Mr. Elijah Knaps.

☞ *Thoſe Perſons indebted to the Printer hereof, would particularly oblige him, at this Time, by making Payment—to thoſe who have paid off their Arrearages he returns his ſincere Thanks.*

The latest intelligence from Europe is by the ship Hero, Capt. Blunt, which arrived at Boston, on Sunday last, from Bristol, in 31 days. By these accounts it appears, that the French arms had been attended with almost uninterrupted success in the Netherlands, till the 18th of March, when, according to the Dutch and English accounts, they met with a check, and afterwards with a complete overthrow, which rescued Holland from the invasion of these new, fierce, and hitherto victorious Republicans.——Should it prove true, that the French have for once lost a battle, it is what ought to be expected, in the various fortunes of war: but we doubt not, when we have their accounts to compare with those of their enemies, the latter will appear to have been exaggerated, in proportion to the novelty of the event. Be this as it may, while the French are able to continue the seat of the war in their enemies country, and thereby preserve to their own the blessings of tranquility, their arms must be considered as successful. And should they even be driven back into their own country, to the very plains of Champagne, they will only be where they last year began the disgraceful route of the Duke of Brunswick—and will doubtless be able to do the same business over again. Men, inspired by the principles of liberty, will never despair; and when they appear to be driven to the greatest straits, they call forth new and unexpected resources, and rouse all their energy, hurl destruction on their foes, and "scatter them to air."

[*Salem Gazette.*]

☞ *Those Persons who subscribed with the Printer hereof for the* LIFE OF JOSEPH, &c. *are requested to send for their Books.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE,
District of Newport, May 6.

ENTERED,	*From*
Sloop Peggy, Bliss,	New-York
—— Joanna, Trowbridge,	Ditto
—— Sally, Rhodes,	Savannah
—— New-York Packet, Shaw,	Sierra Leone
—— Federal, Earl,	St. Eustatia
CLEARED,	*For*
Sloop Federal, Maybury,	Boston
—— Aurora, Cahoone,	New-York

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the POST-OFFICE, SOUTH KINGSTOWN, *April 26*, 1793.

JONATHAN CARD, Rowland Robinson, 3, Robert Brown, Record Taber, Hannah Stacy, William Peckam, John Upson, John Gardner, Esq; *South-Kingstown*——Smith Bailey, George Havens, Elisha Cs, Gideon Northup, Robert Morey, 2, James Gardner, 2, William Smith, Elizabeth Diamond, Samuel Hyl, Henry Congdon, Thomas Wheeler, Mary Fones, Jses Gould, 2, Joseph Coggeshall, James Gardiner, jr. *North Kingstown*—John Wilcox, *Exeter*—John Gilner, Esq; Jerry Reed, Christopher Gardner, *Rhode-Island.*

Sarah Hamilton

BEGS Leave to thank her Friends and the Public in general for the many Favours she has for many Yrs past experienced, and to inform them that she hopened a House for BOARDING and LODGING of Gentlemen and Ladies who may visit the Town of Nport the ensuing Season, any small Family may be accommodated with a Part of the House ready furnished and every Thing will be done to make their Stay with her agreeable and happy—her House is large and commodiously situated for the Purpose of entertaining Strangers, at the North End of Thames street, near Judge Marchant's.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

French Indigo.

DAVID NASON,

At his Shop in Thames-street, opposite the Store occupied by Messrs. MASON & MALBONE,

INFORMS the Public and his Customers in particular, That he has for Sale a small Quantity of FRENCH INDIGO of the first Quality, superior to any ever imported into this State, *cheap for Cash.*

Newport, May 6, 1793.

WE the Subscribers being by the Worshipful Town Council of Newport, appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of CLARKE BROWN, late of Newport, Shopkeeper, deceased, represented insolvent, and Six Months being allowed for that Purpose, all Persons having any Demands against said Estate, are hereby requested to exhibit the same to either of us, at our respective Dwellings, within the Time limited by said Council. JONATHAN ALMY,
THOMAS STEVENS, jun.

All Persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate Payment to
MARY BROWN, Administratrix.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

TO LET,

A large commodious House, in the Main Street, occupied by Mr. RIVERA, with good Stable, Chaise-House, Garden, &c. For Terms apply to CHARLES HANDY.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

John Burlingham

Has for Sale, at his Store on Captain COTTRELL's Wharf, the following Articles, viz.

West-India Rum by the Puncheon or Barrel; Sugar by the Barrel; Cotton by the Bail or Hundred Weight; Coffee by the Bag; Gin in Cases, and Salt by the Hundred Bushels or smaller Quantity.

Any Person inclining to Purchase (in his Absence) are desired to apply to said Cotterell.

Newport, May 7, 1793.

JESSE HASKELL,

HAVING undertaken to prosecute the Post Business between this Town and Newport, every Person wishing to receive the *Medley, &c.* on Friday, in the Town of *Dartmouth* at 10*s*6—*Westport*, 11*s*.—*Tiverton*, 15*s*6—*Little Compton*, 11*s*6—*Newport*, 12*s*. per Year, shall be regularly supplied by leaving their Names with Mr. JOHN SPOONER, Printer, in New-Bedford, or said HASKELL.—One Half a Year's Payment at the End of the first Quarter, the Remainder at the End of the Third Quarter, in Cash or Rags.

He will leave BEDFORD every Friday Morning Six o'Clock—distribute the Papers, and arrive at NEWPORT by four, P. M.—Leave NEWPORT Saturday Morning Six o'Clock, and return by the lower Route to BEDFORD, by Four P. M.

He will also supply those who wish to receive the *Newport Mercury*, in *Tiverton*, at 10*s* a Year—*Little-Compton*, 16*s*6—*Westport*, 11*s*—*Dartmouth* 11*s*6—*Bedford* 12*s*.—One Half Year's Payment, &c. as above.

By this Conveyance Letters to and from any of the Southern or Middle States, may be forwarded several Days earlier than by any Communication heretofore established; as the Mail from Philadelphia arrives at Newport on Friday, and at this Place on Saturday of the same Week.——Letters or private Business entrusted with Mr. JOHN SPOONER, of *Bedford*, Mr. JOB MANCHESTER, of *Little Compton*, or with THOMAS PECKHAM, Esq; at *Newport*, shall be duly attended to.

New Bedford, April 18, 1793.

THE Commissioners appointed by the Hon. JOSEPH DORR, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of Worcester, to receive and examine the Claims of the several Creditors to the Estate of AARON LOPEZ, late of Leicester, Merchant, deceased, represented insolvent,—hereby give Notice, that Six Months longer are allowed them by said Judge, to bring in their Claims from the 7th of February, 1793; and that they will attend that Business at the Bunch-of-Grapes Tavern, kept by Col. DUDLEY COLMAN, State-street, BOSTON, on the first Wednesday in each Month following.

Boston, Feb. 7, 1793.

WILLIAM LADD

Most respectfully informs the Public,

That he has for Sale, at his Shop, the Corner of the New-Lane,

MADEIRA, Sherry, Lisbon, Port, Malaga } Wines	Prunes
	Citron
	Sugar Plumbs of all Sorts
	Fresh Raisins, per Cask or lb.
West-India, New England, Cherry } Rum	Currants
	Thin-shell'd, sugar'd } Almonds
Gin	Sugar Plumbs
Annifeed Cordial	Barley Sugar
Doctor Stevens	Brown Sugar
Hyson } TEAS	Loaf Do.
Hyson Skin	Molasses
Souchong	Chocolate
Bohea	Coffee
Nutmegs	Starch
Cinnamon	Flour
Cloves	Writing Paper, Wrapping Paper } per Ream
Mace	Cotton Wool
Allspice	WINDOW-GLASS
Ginger	Ground Camwood
Pepper	Ground Stick } Redwood
Olives	
Capers	Flour, Rice } Brimstone
Florence Oil	
Best Bourdeaux Ditto, in Bottles	Indigo
English Mustard	Copperas
Fresh Malaga Grapes	Allum
Best Turkey Figs, per Box or lb.	Best Boston made SNUFF per Bladder.

ALSO,

A large Assortment of Crockery-Ware,
An Assortment of DRY GOODS,
Cutlery, Hardware, &c. &c.

By THOMAS JOHNSON, DAVID STEWART, and DANIEL CARROLL, Esquires,

COMMISSIONERS appointed by Government to prepare the Public Buildings, &c. within the City of Washington, for the Reception of Congress, and for their permanent Residence after the Year 1800—

A LOTTERY

For the IMPROVEMENT of the

FEDERAL CITY.

50,000 Tickets, at 7 Dollars, are 350,000 Dollars.

LIST OF PRIZES, viz.

1	Superb Hotel, with Baths, Out-houses, &c. &c. to cost	50,000
1	Cash Prize	25,000
1	Ditto	20,000
1	Ditto	15,000
1	Ditto	10,000
2	Ditto 5000 are	10,000
10	Ditto 1000	10,000
20	Ditto 500	10,000
100	Ditto 100	10,000
200	Ditto 50	10,000
400	Ditto 25	10,000
1000	Ditto 20	20,000
15,000	Ditto 10	150,000
16,737	Prizes	Dollars 350,000
33,263	Blanks	

50,000

By this Scheme *at least* the Amount of the Tickets will return to the fortunate Adventurers, and yet the Federal City will gain its Object thereby, in a magnificent Building, designed both for public and private Convenience.

Although some Expence must necessarily attend the conducting of the Lottery (which Expence will be taken from the principal Prize) the Commissioners having agreed to present in Return a sufficient Quantity of excellent Free-Stone, together with the best adapted Lots for the Hotel and for the Out houses, the Value of the Lottery entire may be fairly rated at *something more than Par*: In this important Instance it will be found, on Examination, to exceed all the Lotteries that have ever been offered to the Public, in this or perhaps in any other Country. The Keys of the Hotel, when complete, will be delivered to the fortunate Possessor of the Ticket drawn against its Number.—All the other Prizes will be paid, *without Deduction, in One Month after the Drawings* by the City Treasurer at Washington, or at such Bank as Banks may be hereafter announced, for the Convenience of the fortunate Adventurers.

The Drawing will commence on Monday, the 9th of September next, at the City of Washington.

Tickets may be had of Col. William Dickens, City Treasurer of Washington; Thayer and Bartlet, of Charleston, South-Carolina; Gideon Denison, Savannah; Messieurs James Weir and Co. Baltimore; Mr. Peter Gilman, Boston; William Wilkinson, Esq; Providence; Messieurs Clarke and Hammond, Newport; Messieurs Clarke and Champlin, Pawcatuck Bridge, Westerly; and at such other Places as will be hereafter published.

March 6, 1793.

George Champlin

HAS FOR SALE,

RUSSIA HEMP,
RUSSIA DUCK,
RAVENS' DUCK,
BAR-IRON,——and
RUSSIA SHEETING.

Wanted immediately.

THREE or Four JOURNEYMEN SHOEMAKERS, at either Branch, who are Masters of their Business, by CHAPPELL & HOLT.

Newport, April 6 1793.

THE Subscribers, appointed by the Hon. Town-Council of Tiverton, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of BENJAMIN DURFEE, late of Tiverton, deceased, represented insolvent; notify all Persons, having any Demands on said Estate, to bring in their Claims to us, on the Second Monday of every Month, at the House of Jeremiah Rogers, in Tiverton, Innholder, and within Six Months from the Date of the Period limited by said Council; on said Days the Subscribers will attend, from Ten o'Clock, A. M. to Four o'Clock, P. M.

JOSEPH DURFEE,
THOMAS DURFEE,
LEMUEL TABER, } *Commissioners.*

Tiverton, March 11, 1793.

GLAZING done in the Brick Market Chamber, by JONATHAN JEFFERS, jun.

THE
NEWPORT MERCURY.

TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1793. [N° 1621.]

NEWPORT: (*Rhode-Island*) Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A Proclamation.

WHEREAS it appears, that a ſtate of war exiſts between Auſtria, Pruſſia, Sardinia, Great-Britain, and the United Netherlands, on the one part; and France on the other—and the duty and intereſt of the United States require, that they ſhould with ſincerity and good faith adopt and purſue a conduct friendly and impartial towards the belligerent powers:

I HAVE therefore thought fit by theſe preſents, to declare the diſpoſition of the United States to obſerve the conduct aforeſaid towards thoſe powers reſpectively; and to exhort and warn the citizens of the United States, carefully to avoid all acts and proceedings whatſoever, which may in any manner tend to contravene ſuch diſpoſition.

AND I DO hereby alſo make known, that whoſoever of the citizens of the United States, ſhall render himſelf liable to puniſhment or forfeiture under the law of nations, by committing, aiding or abetting hoſtilities againſt any of the ſaid powers, or by carrying to any of them thoſe articles which are deemed contraband by the *modern* uſage of nations, will not receive the protection of the United States againſt ſuch puniſhment or forfeiture; and further, that I have given inſtructions to thoſe officers to whom it belongs, to cauſe proſecutions to be inſtituted againſt all perſons, who ſhall, within the cognizance of the Courts of the United States, violate the law of nations, with reſpect to the powers at war, or any of them.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have cauſed the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed to theſe preſents, and ſigned the ſame with my hand. Done at the City of Philadelphia, the twenty-ſecond day of April one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ſeventeenth.

G. WASHINGTON.

By the PRESIDENT,

THO. JEFFERSON.

Intereſting and lateſt Advices from Europe.

VIENNA, March 2.

A COURIER arrived here yeſterday, at four o'clock in the afternoon, from Peterſburgh with the official account, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia had acceded to the Coalition of the Powers of Europe, and, that a fleet of ten ſhips of the line are ſoon to quit the ports of her Majeſty, in order to join the Spaniſh Squadron, and to act in concert with the Spaniards againſt France Count Raſumouſky, Miniſter from Ruſſia, in a conference yeſterday with the Vice-Chancellor, Count Cobenzel, officially communicated to him this reſolution of the Empreſs, his miſtreſs.

It is aſſerted, that the Chevalier Gazotti, Ambaſſador from the Republic of Venice, has notified to our Court, that the Senate of Venice had acknowledged France a Republic; and that in conſequence, they accepted of a Miniſter from that nation. That Venice, however, according to her adopted ſyſtem, will always obſerve the ſtricteſt neutrality.

CAPTURE OF BREDA.*

Paris, Feb. 28. The Miniſter of War, (Bournonville) announced to the Convention, the capture of Breda, on the 24th, and added, that the capture was made by Gen. Darcon—that a Batavian committee was formed therein; that Klundert, Williamſtadt, Bergen-op zoom† and Nuberg, were inveſted; and that Commodore Morton had orders to burn a Dutch ſquadron under the fort of Bath. Gen. Dumourier's‡ letter concludes thus:—"We find plenty of proviſions every where—we have been already furniſhed with 200,000 florins, offered to us as the defenders of liberty.

The particulars of this event, as they are given in the Dutch papers, agree with the above, and add, that Gen. Dumourier, after receiving an anſwer from the commander, refuſing to give up the place, commenced a ſmart cannonade and bombardment of the town, and deſtroyed ſixty houſes; on which the commander capitulated; on condition, that the garriſon ſhould march out with all the honours of war, each battalion with two field pieces, to Boſch, Thiel, Barmel, and Utrecht, with perfect liberty to remain in the ſervice of the State, and to fight any enemy. The ſurrender is imputed to treachery, and the Governor, Count Byland, has been put under arreſt, and in irons at the Hague.

MARCH 4.

The Miniſter of War, read a letter from Gen. Dumourier, mentioning the capture of Klundert. The garriſon fought well and eſcaped. Several Cannon taken, 24, 18 and 12 pounders. "Williamſtadt," ſays the General, "will be attacked this night, or to-morrow morning, in ſpite of the crowd of frigates which defend it, and which we ſhall drive away."

* A handſome and ſtrong town of the Netherlands, in Dutch Brabant. The fortifications are ſtrengthened by the waters and moraſſes near it. It has a Dutch garriſon, but the property and government belongs to the Prince of Orange. It is ſeated on the river Merck, in a fertile plain, 22 miles N. E. of Bergen-op-Zoom, 25 S. E. of Rotterdam, and 60 E. of Amſterdam, lat. 51 35.

† A town of Dutch Brabant, one of the ſtrongeſt places in the Netherlands. It has been ſeveral times beſieged, and in 1747, was taken by a French army of 40,000; 10,000 of whom fell in the courſe of two months ſiege. 15 miles from Antwerp.

‡ The army of this General, according to our beſt accounts is 80,000 men.

DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH AT AIX-LA-CHAPELLE.*

HAGUE, *March* 6. The moſt important intelligence is juſt arived here. The Prince of Saxe Cobourg has gained a ſplendid and decided victory over the French at Aix-la-Chapelle. Five thouſand French were left dead upon the field; 1900 were made priſoners, and one hundred and twenty pieces of cannon were taken:—This happened on the the third of this month.

By the ſame Courier, an account has been received of a complete victory gained over the the French at Venlo, by Prince Frederick of Brunſwick. The circumſtances of this action are not yet accurately detailed; but it is ſaid, 1500 Frenchmen are taken priſoners, with 22 pieces of cannon.

Paris, March 21. This day it has been ſtrongly reported, and is generally believed, that another complete victory has been obtained over the Prince of Cobourg's army.

Letter from General Dumourier.

"*Tirelemont, March* 16.

"CITIZEN MINISTER,

"I announce to you with the greateſt ſatisfaction, that the check at Aix-la-Chapelle, as far as it concerns the honour of the French arms, has been repaired, this day, in the moſt brilliant manner. Yeſterday the Auſtrians attacked, and, took Tirelemont, in which we had only 400 men. This great town not being ſuſceptible of any defence, and being before the van guard, poſted on the five heights of Cumplicht, Marechal Lamarche defended himſelf with a courage and ſkill which ſaved the French army, by giving different diviſions time to march to his aſſiſtance—A miſtake in the execution of orders might have carried alarm to Bruſſels, and even to Paris, becauſe ſome bodies in repairing to their place of deſtination, fell back, which might have made the evil to be believed much greater than it was.

This morning I attacked Tirelemont on the right and left with a part of the army, as the reſt could not come up. Gen. Valence commanded the attack on the right, Miranda that on the left, and Egalite that on the centre. We carried the town by main force, and went beyond it in purſuing the enemy, who, in their turn, attacked us with much boldneſs in the villages of Goldeſenhovre and Houtemouder.—The army not only defended themſelves with the greateſt firmneſs, but they attacked with ſucceſs in their turn, and night only put an end to the combat, which continued with very little intermiſſion from yeſterday at noon until ſeven o'clock this evening."

* A large handſome, free, Imperial town, of Germany, in the circle of Weſtphalia, 22 miles N. E. of Liege, and 40 W. of Cologne.

Dutch official Account of the Battle near Landen,

HAGUE, (Holl.) March 22.

Laſt night deſpatches were received by their High Mightineſſes, from the Prince of Heſſe Caſſel, Governor of Maeſtricht, dated March 20 h, from which we learn that a moſt bloody and deciſive battle was fought on Monday the 18th inſt. between the Auſtrian army, headed by the Generaliſſimo Prince of Saxe Cobourg, and the French forces under the command of Gen. Dumourier.

The following are the particulars which have tranſpired reſpecting this important event:

On the 17th inſt. the French drove the Auſtrians from Tirlemont, after a moſt heroic reſiſtance, and with very conſiderable loſs.

Flushed with this ſucceſs, Gen. Dumourier made preparations to attack the Auſtrians, on the 18th, between Landen and Dormel, at the diſtance of ſix Engliſh miles from St. Tron, where the Imperial Royal Armies had their head-quarters: The attack commenced at ſeven o'clock in the morning, and continued, with the moſt dreadful ſlaughter, until half after five in the afternoon, when, through the ſuperior tactic manœuvres of the Auſtrians, and the conſummate ſkill and intrepid gallantry of the Prince of Saxe Cobourg, Count de Clairfait, the Arch-Duke Charles, the Prince of Wirtemburg, and other Imperial Generals, and the unexpected arrival of a corps of Auſtrian Cuiraſſiers, Huſſars, Chaſſeurs, and Dragoons, the ranks of the French were broke through from all quarters, and the latter obliged to take flight, and leave the Auſtrians maſters of the field.

Clairfait and the Arch Duke performed prodigies of valour, and purſued the French fugitives, thouſands of whom were cut in pieces.

The battle of Landen will form an epoch in the annals of hiſtory, and being a deciſive pitched engagement, muſt be followed by the immediate evacuation of the Auſtrian Netherlands.

The French fought like lions, but their deſperate fury, which pierced twice through the left wing of the Imperialiſts, could not avail againſt the ſuperior tactics of the Auſtrians,

The Imperial army broke up in the morning of the 19th, to purſue their glorious career, and it being impoſſible for the French diſperſed hoſts to rally, the ſmall corps, headed by Dumourier, which made its retreat to Louvain, will be cut off, and the Auſtrians muſt by this time be maſters of Bruſſels. The National Guards, to the number of 70,000 men, are drawing together, but having neither diſcipline nor order among them, they muſt ſoon fall victims to their irreſiſtible conquerors.

General Beaulieu is before Dinant, a few leagues from Namur, and has rendered himſelf maſter of La Roche and Rochefort, where the French, ſuſtained a loſs of upwards of 3000 men.

Britiſh Account.

March 26. All the accounts by the Dutch mail of yeſterday agree in ſtating, that the conflict between the Auſtrians and French, on the 18th, was obſtinate and bloody; and that great bravery and ſkill were manifeſted by both armies,

By Lord Auckland's deſpatches, it appears that the French, on the 18th, attacked the Auſtrians, at Nerwind near Tirlemont. That they were repulſed in the centre, and on the right. That they made ſome impreſſion on the left wing in the afternoon, when General Clairfayt brought into action 12,000 horſe, who decided the victory. The French for ſome time made good their retreat, but being at length, broke, the Auſtrian cavalry made dreadful havoc amongſt them, and killed between ſix and ſeven thouſand. They continued the ſlaughter until the approach of night, when the courier was deſpatched with the above news, who reports that the French loſt 34 pieces of cannon.

The expreſs ſent to Carleton houſe is ſimilar to the above, except that the loſs of the French is ſtated at two thouſand men, and thirty pieces of cannon.

French Account.

Dumourier attacked the combined army at ſeven o'clock in the morning, between Tirlemont, and St. Tron. The battle was fought with various ſucceſs until the afternoon, when the ardour and intrepidity of the French troops ſurmounted every obſtacle.—Valence at their head, they charged the left wing of the enemy ſo furiouſly that it was ſoon broke, and gave way, in every direction. The purſuit was vigorous for ſome time and great carnage enſued.

At that moment when the combined army was threatened with a complete defeat. General Clairfait flanked the purſuers with an immenſe body of horſe, and as they puſhed forward beyond the protection of the artillery, they were left expoſed to the ſuperior power of the cavalry. Gen. Valence alternately retreated and advanced until he was killed by a muſket ball. The conteſt was obſtinately mainted, until it was put an end to by the darkneſs of the night, and both ſides claimed the victory.

It is certain, however, that the French loſt 33 pieces of artillery.

LONDON, March 26.

One French, 1 Dutch, and 2 Flemiſh mails arrived this morning. It will be perceived from our correſpondence, that the news ſo generally circulated for many days paſt, of the entire defeat of the French army under Dumourier, on the 12th of 13th inſtant, was at leaſt premature.

So late as the 15th, and 16th, victory, which had hitherto accompanied that General in all his operations, had not deſerted him; as it appears that he had gained ſome advantages from the Auſtrians, and driven them back from Tirlemont, a frontier poſt in Brabant, towards the country of Liege. Our readers, however, will judge for themſelves what credit is to be given to the French General's deſpatches.

Our Paris letters give notice, that the day after Dumourier had obtained theſe advantages, a general engagement was to be offered to the Auſtrian Generals; and the French had the moſt ſanguine expectations of ſucceſs.

Of the iſſue of this general action we have received no account through Paris; but letters from Bruſſels, by the Flanders mail, mention it as having been deciſively againſt the French.

The repreſentations differ. One account we have received ſtates, that Dumourier firſt attacked the corps under General Clairfayt; who ſuſtained a charge, furiouſly repeated, with great bravery and reſolution.

That the next day Clairfayt being reinforced by Saxe Cobourg, this combined army attacked Dumourier in his entrenchments, routed him, and drove him back, with the loſs of his artillery, and 10,000 men made priſoners.

The number killed is not mentioned; indeed from this account we ſhould ſuppoſe it inconſiderable, as it repreſents the French to have fled precipitately in all directions.

Another account ſtates the loſs of the French to be only 2000 men.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.

It has been called an inſult to republicaniſm for the free citizens of the United States to expreſs their feelings on the fate of the unfortunate King of France; but the people of this country know how to diſtinguiſh between the principles of humanity and juſtice, and thoſe which caſt a ſhade on the beſt cauſe that mankind can poſſibly be engaged in—the cauſe of Freedom—Americans will eternally reprobate the cruelties of arbitrary and deſpotic power, under whatever ſanction they may be exerciſed.

The new French Conſtitution has been reported by the Committee appointed to draft the ſame. It contains a bill of Rights. The Legiſlature is to conſiſt of one Houſe of Repreſentatives, to be elected annually;—the Executive of ſeven principal officers, each to act as Preſident alternately, for fourteen days. A new Convention to be called in twenty years, to reviſe and improve the Conſtitution. The army to be under the controul of the Executive. The puniſhment of death for all private offences to be aboliſhed, and all foreign conqueſts.

The Convention of France has decreed that all the ports of the French colonies ſhould be open to the veſſels of the United States of America, paying duties as French veſſels.—The deputation from the French Weſt-India Iſlands now in England, have received, it is ſaid, an anſwer from the Britiſh government—and that the French Iſlands as offered by the deputies, will be accepted by the Engliſh.

This day, and Monday, the Commiſſioners for holding a Treaty with the hoſtile Indians will leave this city, on their route to the Indian country.

We hear the time fixed for holding the Treaty is the firſt of June next.

NEW-YORK, April 25.

An account has been received from St. Kitts, that his Britannic Majeſty's frigate Proſerpine, of 28 guns, had, after a ſmart conteſt, taken and carried to that iſland, the French frigate la Felicitie, of 32 guns.

NEWPORT, May 7.

Wedneſday laſt being the Day for the Election of Governor and General Officers of this State, the following Gentlemen were declared duly elected, viz.

His Excellency

ARTHUR FENNER, Eſq;

Governor,

The Honorable

SAMUEL J. POTTER, Eſq;

Deputy Governor.

THOMAS G. HAZARD, Eſq;
PELEG ARNOLD, Eſq;
JAMES ARNOLD, Eſq;
CALEB GARDNER, Eſq;
JOHN COOKE, Eſq;
JAMES CONGDON, Eſq;
THOMAS HOXSIE, Eſq;
THOMAS HOLDEN, Eſq;
JOB WATSON, Eſq;
JOHN HARRIS, Eſq;
} Aſſiſtants.

HENRY WARD, Eſq; Secretary.
WILLIAM CHANNING, Eſq; Attorney General.
HENRY SHERBURNE, Eſq; General-Treaſurer.

* *Mr.* Holden *having reſigned his Seat,* George Brown, *Eſq; was choſen in his Room.*

The Independent Artillery Company, of this Town, commanded by Francis Malbone, Eſq; under Arms, together with ſundry General and Field Officers of the Militia, and Officers of the Newport Guards, in Uniform complete, eſcorted his Excellency the Governor, accompanied by the Members of the Legiſlature, &c. in Proceſſion to the State-Houſe—After the Election was proclaimed, the Company ſaluted with Fifteen Vollies of Muſketry, and re-eſcorted the Proceſſion to the Governor's Lodgings—His Excellency was pleaſed to expreſs his Approbation, and the great Concourſe of Strangers and Citizens their Praiſe, for the Military Appearance and ſoldierly Conduct of the Company, in diſcharging the Honors of their Station and the Day.

Deputies to repreſent the ſeveral Towns.

Newport, George Champlin, Robert N. Auchmuty, Edward Simmons, John L. Boſs, Peleg Clarke, Simeon Martin.

Providence, Welcome Arnold, Charles Lippitt, John Whipple, Nicholas Eaſton.

Portſmouth, Abraham Anthony, jun. Samuel Eam, Robert Lawton, Matthew Slocum.

Warwick, Benjamin Greene, Moſes Arnold, Anthony Holden, Joſeph Brown.

Weſterly, Thomas Noyes, Rouſe Babcock.

New-Shorebam, Edward Sands, William Littlefeld.

North Kingſtown, Daniel Updike, George Thomas.

South Kingſtown, Eliſha R. Potter, Rowland Browne

Eaſt Greenwich, Joſeph Fry, William Greene.

Jamſtown, John Weeden, John Remington.

Smithfield, John Smith, jun. Arnold Paine.

Scituate, James Aldrich, Nathaniel Medbury.

Glouceſter, Samuel Winſor, Silas Thayer.

Charleſtown, Peleg Croſs, jun. Robert Congdon,

Weſt-Greenwich, Caleb Carr, Amos Jackways.

Coventry, Job Greene, Joſeph Mattelon.

Exeter, Chriſtopher Pierce, Job Wilcox, jun.

Middletown, Benjamin Gardner, John Holmes.

Briſtol, William Bradford, Loring Peck.

Tiverton, Thomas Durfee, Abraham Barker.

Little-Compton, William Richmond, John Davis.

Warren, Charles Wheaton, Ichabod Cole.

Cumberland, Jaſon Newel, Jotham Carpenter.

Richmond, Thomas Tift, Samuel Larkin.

Cranſton, William Warner, Caleb Williams.

Hopkinton, George Thurſton, Moſes Barber.

Johnſton, Noah Mathewſon, William Waterman.

North Providence, Edward Smith, Jeremiah Sayles.

Barrington, Joſhua Bicknell, Joſiah Humphrey.

Foſter, William Tyler, Daniel Howard.

The Hon. Welcome Arnold, Eſq; was choſen Speaker, and Ray Greene, Eſq; Clerk.

The following Gentlemen were choſen by the General Aſſembly to the Offices affixed to their reſpective Names, viz.

Hon. Daniel Owen, Eſq; Chief, William Taggart, Eſq; 2d, Walter Cooke, Eſq; 3d, Ezekiel Gardner, Eſq; 4th, Thomas Tillinghaſt, Eſq; 5th, Juſtice of the Superior Court, Court of Aſſize, and General Gaol Delivery, in and throughout this State.

Conſtant Taber, Eſq; Chief, Oliver Durfee, Eſq; 2d, Perez Richmond, Eſq; 3d, William Anthony, jun. Eſq; 4th, John Eldred, Eſq; 5th Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas and General Seſſions of the Peace within and for the County of Newport.

Caleb Harris, Eſq; Chief, Abraham Mathewſon, Eſq; 2d, John Burton, Eſq; 3d, Stephen Steer, Eſq; 4th, John Dorrance, Eſq; 5th, Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, &c. for the County of Providence.

James Rhodes, Eſq; Chief, Gideon Clark, Eſq; 2d, Robert Stanton, Eſq; 3d, John Allen, Eſq; 4th, Oliver Davis, Eſq; 5th, Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, &c. for the County of Waſhington.

Samuel Allen, Eſq; Chief, Elkanah Humphrey, Eſq; 2d, William Barton, Eſq; 3d, Stephen Smith, Eſq; 4th, Joſeph Reynolds, Eſq; 5th Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, &c. for the County of Briſtol.

Stephen Arnold, Eſq; Chief, Preſerved Peirce, Eſq; 2d, Iſaac Johnſton, Eſq; 3d Benjamin Johnſton, Eſq; 4th, Stephen Greene, Eſq; 5th, Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas &c. for the County of Kent.

Clerks of the Superior Court.

For the County of Newport, John Grelea, Eſq; Providence, Samuel Eddy, Eſq;—Waſhington, James Sheldon, Eſq;—Briſtol, Jonathan Ruſſell, Eſq;—Kent, Allen Fry, Eſq;

Clerks of the Courts of Common Pleas.

For the County of Newport, Thomas Peckham, Eſq;—Providence, James Fenner, Eſq;—Waſhington, Samuel E. Gardiner, Eſq;—Briſtol, Daniel Bradford, Eſq;—Kent, Benjamin Howland, Eſq;

Sheriffs.

For the County of Newport, William Davis, Eſq;—Providence, Nehemiah Knight, Eſq;—Waſhington, Nicholas Gardner, jun. Eſq,—Briſtol, Richard Smith, Eſq;—Kent, Jonathan Niles, Eſq.

The Hon. General Aſſembly adjourned on Saturday laſt to the Second Monday in June next, then to meet in this Town.

The following Gentlemen are choſen Juſtices of the Peace for the Town of Newport, viz. John Grelea, Peleg Barker, jun. Thomas Arnold, Henry Sherburne, John Townſend, William Borden, John Baniſter, Robert Taylor, William Crooke, Thomas Peckham, Edmund T. Ellery, John Faxon, Oliver R. Warner, Chriſtopher Ellery, Henry Peckham, John Bours, and Robert Shearman, Eſquires.

Sir John Temple, is appointed Conſul General for Great-Britain in the Eaſtern States of America; and Phineas Bond, Eſq; Conſul General in the Middle and Southern States.

Died.]—In England, The Earl of Mansfield, aged 86.

—In this Town, Mr. John Cranston, aged 42.

—Mrs. Knaps Wife of Mr. Elijah Knaps.

☞ *Thoſe Perſons indebted to the Printer hereof, would particularly oblige him, at this Time, by making Payment—to thoſe who have paid off their Arrearages he returns his ſincere Thanks.*

The latest intelligence from Europe is by the ship Hero, Capt. Blunt, which arrived at Boston, on Sunday last, from Bristol, in 31 days. By these accounts it appears, that the French arms had been attended with almost uninterrupted success in the Netherlands, till the 18th of March, when, according to the Dutch and English accounts, they met with a check, and afterwards with a complete overthrow, which rescued Holland from the invasion of these new, fierce, and hitherto victorious Republicans.——Should it prove true, that the French have for once lost a battle, it is what ought to be expected, in the various fortunes of war; but we doubt not, when we have their accounts to compare with those of their enemies, the latter will appear to have been exaggerated, in proportion to the novelty of the event. Be this as it may, while the French are able to continue the seat of the war in their enemies country, and thereby preserve to their own the blessings of tranquility, their arms must be considered as successful. And should they even be driven back into their own country, to the very plains of Champagne, they will only be where they last year began the disgraceful route of the Duke of Brunswick—and will doubtless be able to do the same business over again. Men, inspired by the principles of liberty, will never despair; and when they appear to be driven to the greatest straits, they call forth new and unexpected resources, and rousing all their energy, hurl destruction on their foes, and "scatter them to air."

[*Salem Gazette.*]

☞ *Those Persons who subscribed with the Printer hereof for the* LIFE OF JOSEPH, *&c. are requested to send for their Books.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE,
District of Newport, May 6.

ENTERED,	*From*
Sloop Peggy, Bliss,	New-York
—— Joanna, Trowbridge,	Ditto
—— Sally, Rhodes,	Savannah
—— New-York Packet, Shaw,	Sierra Leone
—— Federal, Earl,	St. Eustatia
CLEARED,	*For*
Sloop Federal, Maybury,	Boston
—— Aurora, Cahoone,	New-York

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the POST-OFFICE, SOUTH KINGSTOWN, *April* 26, 1793.

JONATHAN CARD, Rowland Robinson, 3, Robert Brown, Record Taber, Hannah Stacy, William Peckham, John Upson, John Gardner, Esq; *South-Kingstown*——Smith Bailey, George Havens, Elisha Case, Gideon Northup, Robert Morey, 2, James Gardiner, 2, William Smith, Elizabeth Diamond, Samuel Hall, Henry Congdon, Thomas Whaley, Mary Foner, Jaes Gould, 2, Joseph Coggeshall, James Gardiner, jr. *North Kingstown*—John Wilcox, *Exeter*—John Gdner, Esq; Jerry Reed, Christopher Gardner, *Rhode-Island.*

Sarah Hamilton

BEGS Leave to thank her Friends and the Public in general for the many Favours she has for many Yrs past experienced, and to inform them that she hopened a House for BOARDING and LODGING of Gentlemen and Ladies who may visit the Town of Nport the ensuing Season, any small Family may be accommodated with a Part of the House ready furnished and every Thing will be done to make their Stay wh her agreeable and happy—her House is large and commodiously situated for the Purpose of entertaining Strangers, at the North End of Thames street, near Judge Marchant's.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

French Indigo.

DAVID NASON,

At his Shop in Thames-street, opposite the Store occupied by Messrs. MASON & MALBONE,

INFORMS the Public and his Customers in particular, That he has for Sale a small Quantity of FRENCH INDIGO of the first Quality, superior to any ever imported into this State, *cheap for Cash.*

Newport, May 6, 1793.

WE the Subscribers being by the Worshipful Town Council of Newport, appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of CLARKE BROWN, late of Newport, Shopkeeper, deceased, represented insolvent, and Six Months being allowed for that Purpose, all Persons having any Demands against said Estate, are hereby requested to exhibit the same to either of us, at our respective Dwellings, within the Time limited by said Council.

JONATHAN ALMY,
THOMAS STEVENS, jun.

All Persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate Payment to

MARY BROWN, Administratrix.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

TO LET,

A large commodious House, in the Main street, occupied by Mr. RIVERA, with good Stable, Chaise-House, Garden, &c. For Terms apply to CHARLES HANDY.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

John Burlingham

Has for Sale, at his Store on Captain COTTRELL's Wharf, the following Articles, viz.

West-India Rum by the Puncheon or Barrel; Sugar by the Barrel; Cotton by the Bail or Hundred Weight; Coffee by the Bag; Gin in Cases, and Salt by the Hundred Bushels or smaller Quantity.

Any Person inclining to Purchase (in his Absence) are desired to apply to said Cotterell.

Newport, May 7, 1793.

JESSE HASKELL,

HAVING undertaken to prosecute the Post Business between this Town and Newport, every Person wishing to receive the *Medley, &c.* on Friday, in the Town of *Dartmouth* at 10*s*6—*Westport*, 11*s*.—*Tiverton*, 11*s*6—*Little Compton*, 11*s*6—*Newport*, 12*s*. per Year, shall be regularly supplied by leaving their Names with Mr. JOHN SPOONER, Printer, in New-Bedford, or said HASKELL.—One Half a Year's Payment at the End of the first Quarter, the Remainder at the End of the Third Quarter, in Cash or Rags.

He will leave BEDFORD every Friday Morning Six o'Clock—distribute the Papers, and arrive at NEWPORT by Four, P. M.—Leave NEWPORT Saturday Morning Six o'Clock, and return by the lower Route to BEDFORD, by Four P. M.

He will also supply those who wish to receive the *Newport Mercury*, in *Tiverton*, at 10*s* a Year—*Little-Compton*, 16*s*6—*Westport*, 11*s*—*Dartmouth* 11*s*6—*Bedford* 12*s*.—One Half Year's Payment, &c. as above.

By this Conveyance Letters to and from any of the Southern or Middle States, may be forwarded several Days earlier than by any Communication heretofore established; as the Mail from Philadelphia arrives at Newport on Friday, and at this Place on Saturday of the same Week.——Letters or private Business entrusted with Mr. JOHN SPOONER, of *Bedford*, Mr. JOB MANCHESTER, of *Little Compton*, or with THOMAS PECKHAM, Esq; at *Newport*, shall be duly attended to.

New Bedford, April 18, 1793.

THE Commissioners appointed by the Hon. JOSEPH DORR, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of Worcester, to receive and examine the Claims of the several Creditors to the Estate of AARON LOPEZ, late of Leicester, Merchant, deceased, represented insolvent,—hereby give Notice, that Six Months longer are allowed them by said Judge, to bring in their Claims from the 7th of February, 1793; and that they will attend that Business at the Bunch-of-Grapes Tavern, kept by Col. DUDLEY COLMAN, State-street, BOSTON, on the first Wednesday in each Month following.

Boston, Feb. 7, 1793.

WILLIAM LADD

Most respectfully informs the Public,

That he has for Sale, at his Shop, the Corner of the New-Lane,

MADEIRA	Wines	Prunes	
Sherry		Citron	
Lisbon		Sugar Plumbs of all Sorts	
Port		Fresh Raisins, per Cask or lb.	
Malaga			
West-India	Rum	Currants	
New-England		Thin-shell'd	Almonds
Cherry		Sugar'd	
Gin		Sugar Plumbs	
Aniseed Cordial		Barley Sugar	
Doctor Stevens		Brown Sugar	
Hyson	TEAS	Loaf Do.	
Hyson-Skin		Molasses	
Souchong		Chocolate	
Bohea		Coffee	
Nutmegs		Starch	
Cinnamon		Flour	
Cloves		Writing Paper	per Ream
Mace		Wrapping Paper	
Allspice		Cotton Wool	
Ginger		WINDOW-GLASS	
Pepper		Ground Camwood	
Olives		Ground	Redwood
Capers		Stick	
Florence Oil		Flour	Brimstone
Best Bourdeaux Ditto, in Bottles		Roll	
		Indigo	
English Mustard		Copperas	
Fresh Malaga Grapes		Allum	
Best Turkey Figs, per Box or lb.		Best Boston made SNUFF per Bladder.	

A L S O,

A large Assortment of Crockery-Ware,
An Assortment of DRY GOODS,
Cutlery, Hardware, &c. &c.

By THOMAS JOHNSON, DAVID STEWART, and DANIEL CARROLL, Esquires,

COMMISSIONERS appointed by Government to prepare the Public Buildings, &c. within the City of Washington, for the Reception of Congress, and for their permanent Residence after the Year 1800—

A LOTTERY

For the IMPROVEMENT of the

FEDERAL CITY.

50,000 Tickets, at 7 Dollars, are 350,000 Dollars.

LIST OF PRIZES, viz.

1	Superb Hotel, with Baths, Out-houses, &c. &c. to cost		50,000
1	Cash Prize		25,000
1	Ditto		20,000
1	Ditto		15,000
1	Ditto		10,000
2	Ditto	5000 are	10,000
10	Ditto	1000	10,000
20	Ditto	500	10,000
100	Ditto	100	10,000
200	Ditto	50	10,000
400	Ditto	25	10,000
1000	Ditto	20	20,000
15,000	Ditto	10	150,000
16,737	Prizes		Dollars 350,000
33,263	Blanks		
50,000			

By this Scheme *at least* the Amount of the Tickets will return to the fortunate Adventurers, and yet the Federal City will gain its Object thereby, in a magnificent Building, designed both for public and private Convenience.

Although some Expence must necessarily attend the conducting of the Lottery (which Expence will be taken from the principal Prize) the Commissioners having agreed to present in Return a sufficient Quantity of excellent Free-Stone, together with the best adapted Lots for the Hotel and for the Out houses, the Value of the Lottery entire may be fairly rated at *something more than Par*: In this important Instance it will be found, on Examination, to exceed all the Lotteries that have ever been offered to the Public, in this or perhaps in any other Country. The Keys of the Hotel, when complete, will be delivered to the fortunate Possessor of the Ticket drawn against its Number.—All the other Prizes will be paid, *without Deduction, in One Month after the Drawings* by the City Treasurer at Washington, or at such Bank or Banks as may be hereafter announced, for the Convenience of the fortunate Adventurers.

The Drawing will commence on Monday, the 9th of September next, at the City of Washington.

Tickets may be had of Col. William Dickens, City Treasurer of Washington; Thayer and Bartlet, of Charleston, South-Carolina; Gideon Denison, Savannah; Messieurs James West and Co. Baltimore; Mr. Peter Gilman, Boston; William Wilkinson, Esq; Providence; Messieurs Clarke and Hammond, Newport; Messieurs Clarke and Champlin, Pawcatuck Bridge, Westerly; and at such other Places as will be hereafter published.

March 6, 1793.

George Champlin

HAS FOR SALE,

RUSSIA HEMP,
RUSSIA DUCK,
RAVENS' DUCK,
BAR-IRON,——and
RUSSIA SHEETING.

Wanted immediately.

THREE or Four JOURNEYMEN SHOEMAKERS, at either Branch, who are Masters of their Business, by CHAPPELL & HOLT.

Newport, April 6, 1793.

THE Subscribers, appointed by the Hon. Town-Council of Tiverton, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of BENJAMIN DURFEE, late of Tiverton, deceased, represented insolvent; notify all Persons, having any Demands on said Estate, to bring in their Claims to us, on the Second Monday of every Month, at the House of Jeremiah Rogers, in Tiverton, Innholder, and within Six Months from the Date of the Period limited by said Council; on said Days the Subscribers will attend, from Ten o'Clock, A. M. to Four o'Clock, P. M.

JOSEPH DURFEE,
THOMAS DURFEE,
LEMUEL TABER, } *Commissioners.*

Tiverton, March 11, 1793.

GLAZING done in the Brick-Market Chamber, by JONATHAN JEFFERS, jun.

From the VIRGINIA HERALD.

NIPWEIGHT, a grocer, of the choſen few,
At night from ſhop and worldly cares withdrew;
And having for his ſoul's ſatisfaction,
Pour'd o'er a chapter of the Revelation;
He ſhut the book, unſpectacled his noſe,
And calling to his apprentice as he roſe—
Have you the currants treacled well, good John?
Yes, Sir—Tobacco wet?—'Tis done.—
The ſugar flour'd?—It is—Then come up ſtairs,
And like *good* Chriſtians, let us go to prayers.

Sarah Hamilton

BEGS Leave to thank her Friends and the Public in general for the many Favours ſhe has for many Years paſt, experienced, and to inform them that ſhe has opened a Houſe for BOARDING and LODGING of Gentlemen and Ladies who may viſit the Town of Newport the enſuing Seaſon, any ſmall Family may be accommodated with a Part of the Houſe ready furniſhed, and every Thing will be done to make their Stay with her agreeable and happy—her Houſe is large and commodiouſly ſituated for the Purpoſe of entertaining Strangers, at the North End of Thames-ſtreet, near Judge Marchant's.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

TO LET,

A large commodious Houſe, in

the Main Street, occupied by Mr. RIVERA, with good Stable, Chaiſe-Houſe, Garden, &c. For Terms apply to CHARLES HANDY.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

French Indigo.

DAVID NASON,

At his Shop in Thames-ſtreet, oppoſite the Store occupied by Meſſrs. MASON & MALEONE,

INFORMS the Public and his Cuſtomers in particular, That he has for Sale a ſmall Quantity of FRENCH INDIGO of the firſt Quality, ſuperior to any ever imported into this State, *cheap for Caſh.*

Newport, May 6, 1793.

THE Commiſſioners appointed by the Hon. JOSEPH DORR, Eſq; Judge of Probate for the County of Worceſter, to receive and examine the Claims of the ſeveral Creditors to the Eſtate of AARON LOPEZ, late of Leiceſter, Merchant, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent,—hereby give Notice, that Six Months longer are allowed them by ſaid Judge, to bring in their Claims from the 7th of February, 1793; and that they will attend that Buſineſs at the Bunch-of-Grapes Tavern, kept by Col. DUDLEY COLMAN, State-ſtreet, BOSTON, on the firſt Wedneſday in each Month following.

Boſton, Feb. 7, 1793.

WE the Subſcribers being by the Worſhipful Town Council of Newport, appointed Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of CLARKE BROWN, late of Newport, Shopkeeper, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, and Six Months being allowed for that Purpoſe, all Perſons having any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are hereby requeſted to exhibit the ſame to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within the Time limited by ſaid Council. JONATHAN ALMY,
THOMAS STEVENS, jun.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make immediate Payment to

MARY BROWN, Executrix.

Newport, May 6, 1793.

TO BE SOLD,

BAILEY's much approved PATENT STEAM-JACKS for roaſting of Meat—the Machine is extremely well calculated for the Uſe and Convenience of Families—Thoſe Perſons inclining to purchaſe may ſee the ſaid Machine in Motion at the Shop of the Subſcriber, where the ſame will be exhibited on Trial.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

Newport, April 20, 1793.

ALL Perſons having Demands on the Eſtate of ISSAC MANCHESTER, late of Tiverton, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in to the Subſcribers for Settlement, on the Second Tueſday of every Month, for Six Months from this Date, at the Houſe of Mr. Abraham Manchester, in ſaid Tiverton; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make Payment within the above Period to either of us.

PHILIP MANCHESTER,
ISAAC MANCHESTER,
ABRAHAM MANCHESTER,
JOHN MANCHESTER, } Executors.

Tiverton, April 1, 1793.

John Burlingham

Has for Sale, at his Store on Captain COTTRELL's Wharf, the following Articles, viz.

Weſt-India Rum by the Puncheon or Barrel;

Sugar by the Barrel; Cotton by the Bail or Hundred Weight; Coffee by the Bag; Gin in Caſes, and Salt by the Hundred Buſhels or ſmaller Quantity.

Any Perſon inclining to Purchaſe (in his Abſence) are deſired to apply to ſaid Cotterell.

Newport, May 7, 1793.

JESSE HASKELL,

HAVING undertaken to proſecute the Poſt Buſineſs between this Town and Newport, every Perſon wiſhing to receive the *Medley, &c.* on Friday, in the Town of *Dartmouth* at 10/6—*Weſtport,* 11/—*Tiverton,* 11/6—*Little Compton,* 11/6—*Newport,* 10/. per Year, ſhall be regularly ſupplied by leaving their Names with Mr. JOHN SPOONER, Printer, in New-Bedford, or ſaid HASKELL.—One Half a Year's Payment at the End of the firſt Quarter, the Remainder at the End of the Third Quarter, in Caſh or Rags.

He will leave BEDFORD every Friday Morning Six o'Clock—diſtribute the Papers, and arrive at NEWPORT by Four, P. M.—Leave NEWPORT Saturday Morning Six o'Clock, and return by the lower Route to BEDFORD, by Four P. M.

He will alſo ſupply thoſe who wiſh to receive the *Newport Mercury,* in *Tiverton,* at 10/6 a Year—*Little-Compton,* 10/6—*Weſtport,* 11/—*Dartmouth* 11/6—*Bedford* 12/.—One Half Year's Payment, &c. as above.

By this Conveyance Letters to and from any of the Southern or Middle States, may be forwarded ſeveral Days earlier than by any Communication heretofore eſtabliſhed; as the Mail from Philadelphia arrives at Newport on Friday, and at this Place on Saturday of the ſame Week.——Letters or private Buſineſs entruſted with Mr. JOHN SPOONER, of *Bedford,* Mr. JOB MANCHESTER, of *Little Compton,* or with THOMAS PECKHAM, Eſq; at *Newport,* ſhall be duly attended to.

New Bedford, April 18, 1793.

SALE BY AUCTION.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Superior Court, the real Eſtate of JOHN COOK, late of Newport, deceaſed, will be diſpoſed of by Auction for the Payment of his Debts; it conſiſts of Thirty Acres of Land, about Three of which are Meadow, and the Remainder Woodland, lying on Pautuxet River, in the Town of Warwick, near what is call'd Greene's or Arnold's Bridge. The Sale will be on the 13th Day of June next, at 3 o'Clock, P. M. at the Houſe of HENRY ARNOLD, Innholder, near the ſaid Land; the Money to be paid on the Delivery of the Deed, which will be immediately executed.

MARGARET COOK, Adminiſtratrix.

MANUFACTURED *and* SOLD *by*

JONATHAN MARSH,

MOULD and dipped CANDLES—Hard and ſoft SOAP.

☞ He exchanges dipped Candles for Tallow, at One Penny Half Penny per Pound; and gives Caſh for rough and tried TALLOW.

He alſo takes HAY in, to Screw.

Newport, 18th 2d Month, 1793.

TO BE SOLD, BY

Sheffield Attwood,

BROKER, on the POINT,

WEST-INDIA RUM, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
Brandy, by the Pipe or Quarter-Caſk,
Geneva, by the Hogſhead, Barrel, or Caſe,
Molaſſes, by the Hogſhead,
Bohea Tea, by the Cheſt,
Brown Sugar, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
Beef and Flour, by the Barrel,
Tobacco, by the Hogſhead,
Ruſſia Duck, by the Bolt,
And Cordage, of all Sizes.

Any Perſon that may want to purchaſe a MOSES BOAT, *from* 12 *to* 15 Feet Keel, may be ſupplied on the ſhorteſt Notice, by applying to him.

A L S O,

Two Dwelling Houſes, ſituated in different Parts of the Town, which he will ſell cheap for the Caſh.

He ſtill continues to carry on the BAKING Buſineſs, in all its Branches; and has now on Hand, a ſmall Quantity of SHIP BREAD, of the beſt Quality, which he will ſell as cheap as any imported.

☞ The higheſt Price is given by him, for Old GOLD and SILVER.

Newport, March 7, 1793.

GLAZING done in the Brick-Market Chamber, by JONATHAN JEFFERS, jun.

WILLIAM LADD

Moſt reſpectfully informs the Public,

That he has for Sale, at his Shop, the Corner of the New-Lane,

MADEIRA	Wines	Prunes	
Sherry		Citron	
Liſbon		Sugar Plumbs of all Sorts	
Port		Freſh Raiſins, per Caſk or lb.	
Malaga			
Weſt-India	Rum	Anchovies	
New-England		Thin-ſhell'd	Almonds
Cherry		Sugar'd	Almonds
Gin		Sugar Plumbs	
Anniſeed Cordial		Barley Sugar	
Doctor Stevens		Brown Sugar	
Hyſon	TEAS	Loaf Do.	
Hyſon-Skin	TEAS	Molaſſes	
Souchong	TEAS	Chocolate	
Bohea	TEAS	Coffee	
Nutmegs		Starch	
Cinnamon		Flour	
Cloves		Writing-Paper	per Ream
Mace		Wrapping-Paper	per Ream
Alſpice		Cotton Wool	
Ginger		WINDOW-GLASS	
Pepper		Ground Camwood	
Olives		Ground Stick	Redwood
Capers		Flour Roll	Brimſtone
Florence Oil		Indigo	
Beſt Bourdeaux Ditto, in Bottles		Copperas	
		Allum	
Engliſh Muſtard		Beſt Boſton made SNUFF per Bladder.	
Freſh Malaga Grapes			
Beſt Turkey Figs, per Box or lb.			

A L S O,

A large Aſſortment of Crockery-Ware,
An Aſſortment of DRY GOODS,
Cutlery, Hardware, &c. &c.

JAMES ROBINSON

HAS FOR SALE,

RUSSIA DUCK, of the firſt Quality,
Raven's DUCK,
Ruſſia clean HEMP,
Ruſſia SHEETING,
Ruſſia BAR-IRON of the firſt Quality, flat and ſquare, for Ship-Building, or other Uſe
CORDAGE, of all Sizes,
Spermaceti CANDLES,
SPERMACETI and LAMP-OIL—and
BEEF, by the Barrel.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

JANUARY 28, 1793.

INFORMATION is hereby given to all the meritorious Invalids of the United States, that the ſums to which they are entitled for ſix months of their annual penſion from the 4th day of September 1792, and which will become due on the 5th day of March 1793, will be paid on the ſaid day by the Commiſſioners of the Loans within the States reſpectively, under the uſual regulations, viz.

Every application for payment muſt be accompanied by the following vouchers:

1ſt. The certificate given by the ſtate, ſpecifying that the perſon poſſeſſing the ſame is in fact an Invalid, and aſcertaing the ſum to which, as ſuch, he is annually intitled.

2d. An affidavit agreeably to the following form: A. B. came before me, [one of the Juſtices of the] County of in the ſtate of and made oath that he is the ſame A. B. to whom the original certificate in his poſſeſſion was given, of which the following is a copy (the certificate given by the ſtate to be recited) That he ſerved [regiment or veſſel] at the time he was diſabled, and that he reſides in and county of and has reſided there for the laſt years, previous to which he reſided in

In caſe an Invalid ſhould apply for payment by attorney, the ſaid attorney, beſides the certificate and oath before recited, muſt produce a ſpecial letter of attorney agreeable to the following form:

I, A. B. of county of ſtate of hereby conſtitute and appoint C. D. of my lawful attorney, to receive in my behalf of penſion for ſix months, as an Invalid of the United States, from the fourth day of September 1792, to the 4th day of March 1793.

Signed and Sealed
in the Preſence of }

Acknowledged before me,

Applications of executors and adminiſtrators muſt be accompanied with legal evidence of their reſpective offices, and alſo of the time the Invalid died, and the penſion they may claim.

By Command of the Preſident
of the United States,
H. KNOX, Secretary at War.

On the ART of PRINTING.

HAIL mystic art, which men like angels taught,
To speak to eyes, and paint embody'd thought!
Though deaf, and dumb; blest skill reliev'd by thee,
We make one sense perform the task of three.
We see, we hear, we touch the head and heart,
And take, or give, what each but yields in part.
With the hard laws of distance we dispense,
And without sound, in part commune with sense;
View, though confin'd; may rule this earthly ball,
And travel o'er this wide expanded all,
Dead letters thus with living notions fraught,
Prove to the soul the telescope of thought;
To mortal life, immortal honor give;
And bid all deeds and titles last and live.
In scanty life, eternity we taste;
View the first ages, and inform the last.
Arts, hist'ry laws, we purchase with a look
And keep, like fate, all nature in a book.

SALE BY AUCTION.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Superior Court, the real Estate of JOHN COOK, late of Newport, deceased, will be disposed of by Auction for the Payment of his Debts; it consists of Thirty Acres of Land, about Three of which are Meadow, and the Remainder Woodland, lying on Pautuxet River, in the Town of Warwick, near what is call'd Greene's or Arnold's Bridge. The Sale will be on the 13th Day of June next, at 3 o'Clock, P. M. at the House of HENRY ARNOLD, Innholder, near the said Land; the Money to be paid on the Delivery of the Deed, which will be immediately executed.

MARGARET COOK, Administratrix.

MANUFACTURED *and* SOLD *by*

JONATHAN MARSH,

MOULD and dipped CANDLES—hard and soft SOAP.

☞ He exchanges dipped Candles for Tallow, at One Penny Half Penny per Pound; and gives Cash for rough and tried TALLOW.

He also takes HAY in, to Screw.

Newport, 18th 2d Month, 1793.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

ENGLISH and *INDIA*

GOODS,

Imported in the last Ships; suitable for all Seasons, but more especially the ensuing

WINTER,

And to be had at the lowest Rate, at the Sign of the BUCK, near the RED MARKET, of

Thomas Green *and* Son,

Who wish to present their grateful Thanks for past Favours, and hope to serve their good Customers no less to their Satisfaction for Time to come.

Newport, Oct. 22, 1792.

TO BE SOLD,

BAILEY's much approved PATENT STEAM-JACKS for roasting of Meat—the Machine is extremely well calculated for the Use and Convenience of Families—Those Persons inclining to purchase may see the said Machine in Motion at the Shop of the Subscriber, where the same will be exhibited on Trial.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

Newport, April 20, 1793.

ALL Persons having Demands on the Estate of ISSAC MANCHESTER, late of Tiverton, deceased, are requested to bring them in to the Subscribers for Settlement, on the Second Tuesday of every Month, for Six Months from this Date, at the House of Mr. Abraham Manchester, in said Tiverton; and all those indebted to said Estate are desired to make Payment within the above Period to either of us.

PHILIP MANCHESTER,
ISAAC MANCHESTER,
ABRAHAM MANCHESTER,
JOHN MANCHESTER. } Executors.

Tiverton, April 1, 1793.

THE Subscribers, appointed by the Town-Council of Tiverton, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of THOMAS COREY, late of Tiverton, deceased, represented insolvent; notify all Persons, having any Demands on said Estate, to bring in their Claims to us, on the last Saturday of every Month, at the House of Philip Manchester, Innholder, in said Tiverton, within Six Months from the Date hereof, where the Subscribers will attend, from Ten o'Clock, A. M to Four o'Clock, P. M.

NATHANIEL BRIGGS,
THOMAS DURFEE.

Tiverton, April 1, 1793.

Just received, and for SALE, by

Stephen Pierce,

A QUANTITY of BUTTER—cheap for CASH.—ALSO, a small Collection of choice GARDEN SEEDS, viz.—Onion; Blood Red, Scarlet and White Beet; Orange Carrot; Turnip; Parsnip; Scarlet and Purple Radish; Bush and Pole Beans; Lettuce, &c. &c. &c.

Likewise a few Puncheons of West-India RUM.

He has also for Sale, BUNTING and ready made COLOURS.

Newport, Jaunary 14, 1793.

A cheap STORE

Of choice GOODS, *suitable for the approaching Season, just opened by*

Caleb Green,

In a new Building belonging to GEORGE CHAMPLIN, Esq; two or three Doors Northward of the Church-Lane.

☞ Those who may please to favour him with their Custom, shall be served with Attention and Despatch, and the smallest Favours most gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Oct 22, 1792.

TO BE SOLD, BY

Sheffield Attwood,

BROKER, on the POINT,

WEST-INDIA RUM, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Brandy, by the Pipe or Quarter-Cask,
Geneva, by the Hogshead, Barrel, or Case,
Molasses, by the Hogshead,
Bohea Tea, by the Chest,
Brown Sugar, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Beef and Flour, by the Barrel,
Tobacco, by the Hogshead,
Russia Duck, by the Bolt,
And Cordage, of all Sizes.

Any Person that may want to purchase a MOSES BOAT, from 12 to 15 Feet Keel, may be supplied on the shortest Notice, by applying to him.

A L S O,

Two Dwelling-Houses, situated in different Parts of the Town, which he will sell cheap for the Cash.

He still continues to carry on the BAKING Business, in all its Branches; and has now on Hand, a small Quantity of SHIP BREAD, of the best Quality, which he will sell as cheap as any imported.

☞ The highest Price is given by him, for Old GOLD and SILVER.

Newport, March 7, 1793.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Shop, in the House of Mr. Ethan Clarke, next Door to Mr. LOPEZ's, *in Thames-Street,*

WEST-INDIA GOODS, of different Kinds; also a few DRY GOODS, with sundry other Articles, cheap for Cash.—Tow-Cloth, Bees-Wax, and Baberry-Tallow, will be taken in Pay for any of the above Articles.

The smallest Favour most gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, April 1, 1793.

THE Subscribers, appointed by the Hon. Town-Council of Jamestown, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of GERSHOM REMINGTON, late of said Jamestown, deceased, represented insolvent—Notify all Persons having any Demands on said Estate, to bring in their Claims to either of us, at our respective Dwellings, within Six Months from the Date hereof, being the Time limited by said Council.

JOHN ELDRED,
JOHN REMINGTON.

Jamestown, April 1, 1793.

Those Persons indebted to the above Estate are requested to make Payment to

MARY REMINGTON, Administratrix.

WE the Subscribers being appointed by the Town-Council, of Jamestown, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of BATHSHEBA MARTIN, late of said Jamestown, deceased, represented insolvent, and Six Months being allowed for that Purpose, all Persons having any Demands against said Estate, are hereby requested to exhibit the same to either of us, at our respective Dwellings, within the Time aforesaid.

JOHN HOWLAND,
JOHN ELDRED.

Jamestown, April 17, 1793.

All Persons indebted to said Estate are desired to make speedy Payment to

BENJAMIN REMINGTON, Administrator.

JAMES ROBINSON

HAS FOR SALE,

RUSSIA DUCK, of the first Quality
Raven's DUCK,
Russia clean HEMP,
Russia SHEETING,
Russia BAR-IRON of the first Quality, flat and square, for Ship-Building, or other Use,
CORDAGE, of all Sizes,
Spermaceti CANDLES,
SPERMACETI and LAMP-OIL—and
BEEF, by the Barrel.

Newport, Jan. 4, 1792.

TO BE SOLD, BY

J. Richardson,

BIBLES of all Sizes; Testaments; Psalters; Primers; Psalms and Hymns; Paine's Rights of Man, Common Sense, &c. Barlow's Advice to the privileged Orders in the several States of Europe; with a Variety of Books and Stationary.

Also, a very good Assortment of Iron-Pots, Kettles, Skillets, Bake-Pans, Cart, Waggon and Chaise Boxes.

Good Snuff by the Quantity or Retail.

And an elegant Assortment of PAPER HANGINGS.

Godfr. Wenwood

HAS FOR SALE,

Superfine and Common Flour, by the Barrel,
Mistick TILE, by the Dozen,
A small Quantity of SHIP-BREAD,
CHARCOAL, by the Bushel, excellent for Cooking.

JOSEPH FREEBORN

PRESENTS his grateful Thanks to his Customers of last Year, and hopes to serve them no less to their Satisfaction for the Time to come, as he shall make it his Endeavour to merit their further Employ, by pursuing his usual cheap Method, and having their Leather well dressed, and ready in Season.

He will Tan and curry Calf-Skins for 3/6 Cash or Produce, and all other Skins or Hides as low as can be done in this Place.—He will also pay Cash or exchange any Kind of Leather for Stock, at his Tan-Yorks, opposite the Rev. Mr. Thurston's Meeting-House

Newport, March 4, 1793.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

JANUARY 28, 17.

INFORMATION is hereby given to all the many Invalids of the United States, that the sums to which they are entitled for six months of their annual pension, from the 4th day of September 1792, and which will become due on the 5th day of March 1793, will be paid on the said day by the Commissioners of the loan within the States respectively, under the usual regulations, viz.

Every application for payment must be accompied by the following vouchers:

1st. The certificate given by the state, specifying that the person possessing the same is in fact an Invalid, and ascertaining the sum to which, as such, he is annuly intitled.

2d. An affidavit agreeably to the following form: A. B. came before me, one of the Justices of the County of in the state of and made oath that he is the same A. B. to whom the original certificate in his possession was given, of which the following is a copy (the certificate given by the state to be recited) That he served (regiment corps or vessel) at the time he was disabled, and that he now resides in and county of and has resided there for the last years, previous to which he resided in

In case an Invalid should apply for payment by an attorney, the said attorney, besides the certificate and oath before recited, must produce a special letter of attorney agreeable to the following form:

I, A. B. of county of state of do hereby constitute and appoint C. D. of my lawful attorney, to receive in my behalf of my pension for six months, as an Invalid of the United States, from the fourth day of September 1792, and ending the 4th day of March 1793.

Signed and Sealed
in the Presence of

Acknowledged before me,

Applications of executors and administrators must be accompanied with legal evidence of their respective offices, and also of the time the Invalid died, whose pension they may claim.

By Command of the President
of the United States,
H. KNOX, Secretary at War.